

Figure I: Demand — Better Than Expected

	Industrial Textiles	Man-Made Fibers	Greige Goods	Finished Fabrics	Apparel	Home Furnishings	Carpet & Rugs
1992	N/A	103.4	120.7	118.8	122.2	113.6	117.1
1993	N/A	103.8	118.6	119.5	123.2	115.8	116.5
1994	N/A	104.1	116.8	119.2	123.5	117.3	118.1
1995	N/A	109.0	121.8	121.7	124.2	119.8	119.6
1996	125.6	111.7	123.6	124.1	127.0	122.8	121.8
1997	127.9	111.1	121.9	123.8	125.7	122.6	123.6
1998	130.2	109.9	121.6	123.8	126.7	123.1	124.0
1999	129.2	103.8	114.3	122.8	126.4	122.7	122.7
2000	131.0	107.2	113.2	122.5	127.5	122.0	125.1
200 I	132.3	108.6	114.0	122.5	126.8	122.5	126.3
2002	132.5	106.2	112.6	120.9	125.5	122.3	126.5
2003	130.5	106.4	110.9	120.7	125.4	122.4	133.6
2004	131.9	106.6	112.6	120.9	125.2	123.4	136.7
2005	134.5	112.1	115.0	124.1	125.6	123.0	132.1
2006	137.5	115.6	120.5	127.3	125.7	122.6	140.8
2007	138.4	116.8	121.2	128.1	126.1	122.9	141.2
1982 = 100		2006 = Preliminary, 2007 = Estimate			Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)		

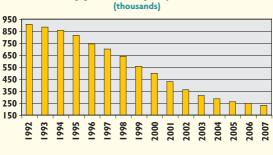
Table I: Textile & Apparel Prices



Textile Product Mills Employment



Apparel Employment



2006 = Preliminary, 2007 = Estimate

Source: BLS

Figure 2a: Employment — Still Shrink-

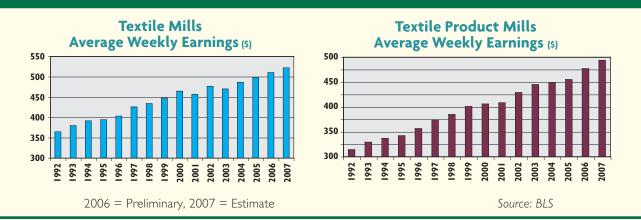


Figure 2b: Employment — Still Shrinking

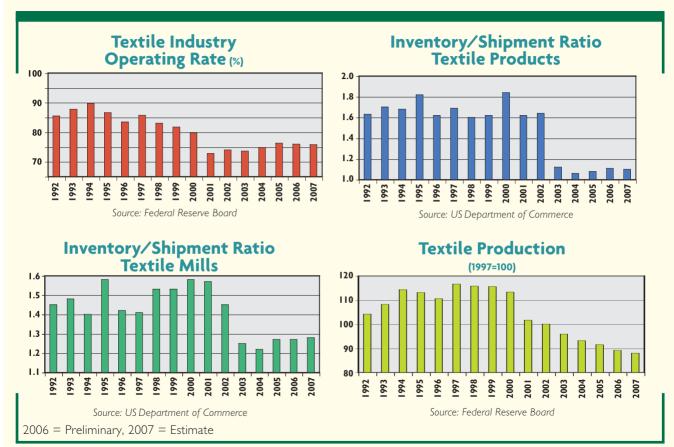
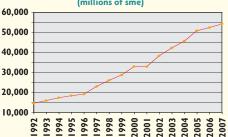


Figure 3: Textile Supplies — No Sweat





Textile & Apparel Trade Deficit (millions of \$)



2006 = Preliminary, 2007 = Estimate Source: US Department of Commerce

Figure 4: Trade — Big Deficits Per-

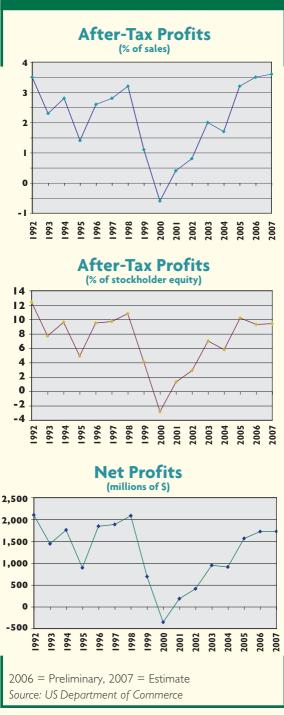


Figure 5: Profits — They're Holding Up